

ŠKOLSKO NATJECANJE U ZNANJU ENGLESKOG JEZIKA
za 2. razrede srednjih škola

šk. god. 2008./09.

ZAPORKA: _____

(pet znamenki i riječ)

ČITANJE S RAZUMIJEVANJEM _____ / 6

UPORABA JEZIKA (gramatika i vokabular) _____ / 54

UKUPNO BODOVA _____ / 60

ŠKOLSKO POVJERENSTVO:

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Predsjednik Školskog povjerenstva

Part I - READING COMPREHENSION

TASK 1

Read the following text carefully. Drawing conclusions based on the text, match the beginnings and the endings of the sentences. Mark the correct answers on your Answer Sheet.

The task begins with an example (0).

How does lack of sleep affect you?

There is little evidence that lack of sleep, or sleep deprivation as it is known, causes any immediate physiological damage to the body. However, it certainly affects how you feel, and how your brain works, and can interfere with work and home life.

Sleep deprivation can also affect your performance by reducing cognitive ability – that is, your ability to think and use your brain. Combined with drowsiness, this can greatly increase the risk of accidents because you are less able or quick at thinking your way fast out of a dangerous problem.

Along with the delays and errors of doing mental tasks, there is a slowing down of mental arithmetic and logical reasoning.

Although it reduces the ability to do simple or monotonous tasks, tasks which need more attention and effort aren't so badly affected – attention and concentration can drag a tired brain into action. However, certain aspects of these complex tasks are affected, particularly the ability to think laterally.

No one is yet sure of the purpose of sleep, but it seems it maybe at least partly related to rest and repair of the body's tissues. While many organs in the body can rest and recover during relaxed wakefulness, a part of the brain called cerebral cortex can only do this during sleep. We have yet to really learn what happens if the cortex is deprived of this chance to recover.

Match the beginnings of the conclusions (1-6) with their endings (A – G). Be careful! There is ONE extra ending that NEED NOT BE USED. Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet:

- | | |
|---|--|
| (0) Lack of sleep affects | A) recovers only during sleep. |
| (1) Sleep deprivation reduces | B) the ability to think laterally is affected. |
| (2) Reduction of cognitive ability increases | C) how you feel and how your brain works. |
| (3) Due to lack of sleep, mental arithmetic and logical reasoning are | D) to rest and repair of the body's tissues. |
| (4) Attention and concentration revive a tired brain, although | E) slowed down. |
| (5) The purpose of sleep may be related | F) cognitive ability. |
| (6) The cerebral cortex rests and | G) the risk of accidents. |
| | H) during relaxed wakefulness. |

(6 POINTS)

PART II - LANGUAGE IN USE

TASK 2 NAVAJO INDIANS

Read the text below and decide which word best fits each space in the passage. Write the correct word on the Answer Sheet. Be careful of spelling!

(0) has been done for you as an example.

Arizona	brush	customs	dies	down	dry
farming	firewood	horses	houses	into	people
reservation	stands	towns	tribe		

The Navajos, the biggest (0) _____ of Indians in America, occupy a (1) _____ that is roughly a hundred miles square. It is a sparse, (2) _____ land. Most of it is in (3) _____, but it extends (4) _____ Utah and New Mexico. The Navajos are a pastoral (5) _____, constantly moving with their sheep and cattle and (6) _____. They do little (7) _____; they have no (8) _____, or even permanent homes. Wherever they go they build new (9) _____, or hogans, which are round one-room huts made of logs and (10) _____ and chinked with mud. The Navajos still stick to the beliefs and (11) _____ of old. When a Navajo (12) _____ in his house, it is never used again. The family smashes in the back of the house, and there it (13) _____, sacred and taboo, till it falls (14) _____. Sometimes white men tear down the ruins and use the logs for (15) _____.

(15 POINTS)

TASK 3

Read the text below and decide which ONE-WORD-PREPOSITION best fits each space in the passage. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet. Be careful of spelling!

The task begins with an example (0).

I'm Peter and I live (0) _____ Germany. (1) _____ summer I like to travel (2) _____ Italy, because (3) _____ the weather and the people there. Last summer I took a plane (4) _____ Munich to Rome. (5) _____ the airport we went to our hotel (6) _____ bus. We stopped (7) _____ a small restaurant for a quick meal. The driver parked the bus (8) _____ the restaurant. Nobody could find the bus and the driver, so we waited (9) _____ the restaurant (10) _____ one hour. The driver was walking (11) _____ the small park (12) _____ the restaurant which we did not know. So we were very angry (13) _____ him. But my holidays were great. We sat (14) _____ campfires and went dancing (15) _____ the early morning.

(15 POINTS)

TASK 4 SIGNS IN BRITAIN

Read the signs carefully. Choose the correct answer (A, B or C) for each sign. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

The task begins with an example (0).



0) DANGER: KEEP CLEAR – UNDERWATER CONSTRUCTIONS IN THIS AREA

- A) You can go swimming here.
- B) You must not go swimming here.
- C) You can hire a boat here.



1) USED TICKETS PLEASE

- A) You can buy tickets here.
- B) You can leave old tickets in this box.
- C) You must show your ticket here.



2) HAVE YOU PAID AND DISPLAYED?

- A) Have you paid for everything in the supermarket?
- B) Have you seen anyone who did not pay in the supermarket?
- C) Have you bought a car park ticket and put it in the car?



3) SIGNAL PRIORITIES CHANGED

- A) Use your horn when necessary.
- B) Some signs have been stolen.
- C) Signs were changed.



4) CAUTION – ONCOMING CYCLISTS

- A) No cyclists are allowed to use this road.
- B) Be careful, cyclists can ride in the opposite direction.
- C) Only cyclists are allowed in this road.



5) PROTECTIVE FOOTWEAR MUST BE WORN

- A) You must wear special shoes in this room.
- B) You must wear rubber boots in this room.
- C) You must not wear special shoes in this room.



6) EMERGENCY ACCESS – KEEP CLEAR

- A) Cars must not park here.
- B) No vehicles at all are allowed to park here.
- C) Only emergency vehicles can park here.



7) NO CYCLES TO BE FIXED TO THESE RAILINGS OR AGAINST THIS WALL

- A) You must not park your bicycle here.
- B) You can park your bicycle here.
- C) You must not ride your bicycle here.



8) STUDENTS ARE NOT ADMITTED WITHOUT TRAINING STAFF BEING PRESENT

- A) Students can only go into this room with a teacher.
- B) Students can go into this room alone.
- C) Students are not allowed in this area at all.



9) ROAD CLOSED – ACCESS TO PUB ONLY

- A) You are not allowed to use this road.
- B) You can use the road in order to get to the pub.
- C) You can only use this road when you have visited the pub.

(9 POINTS)

TASK 5

Read the text below and think of the best tense that fits each space. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

The task begins with an example (0).

In Banjul, the capital of Gambia, I (0) (meet) with a group of Gambians. They (1) (tell) me how for centuries the history of Africa has been preserved. In the older villages of the back country, there are old men (2) (call) griots, who (3) (be) in effect living archives. Such men (4) (memorize) and, on special occasions, (5) (recite) the cumulative histories of clans or families or villages as those histories (6) (have) long been told. Since my forefather (7) (have) said his name was Kintay (properly spelled Kinte), and since the Kinte clan (8) (be) known in Gambia, the group of Gambians would see what they could do to help me. I (9) (be) back in New York when a registered letter (10) (arrive) from Gambia. That letter (11) (change) my life. I (12) (rush) back to Gambia.

Why? Rumor has it, that in the back country, a griot of the Kinte clan (13) (have), indeed, been found. His name, the letter said, was Kebba Kanga Fofana. That is why I (14) (return) to Gambia and (15) (organize) a safari to locate him.

(15 POINTS)