

Waiting to emigrate

**Jews in Germany after the Second World
War
1945-1951(1957)**

DP-Camps in Deutschland und Österreich

Karte mit sämtlichen DP-Camps mit vorwiegend jüdischen
DPs in Deutschland und Österreich.
DP-Camps in Germany and Austria

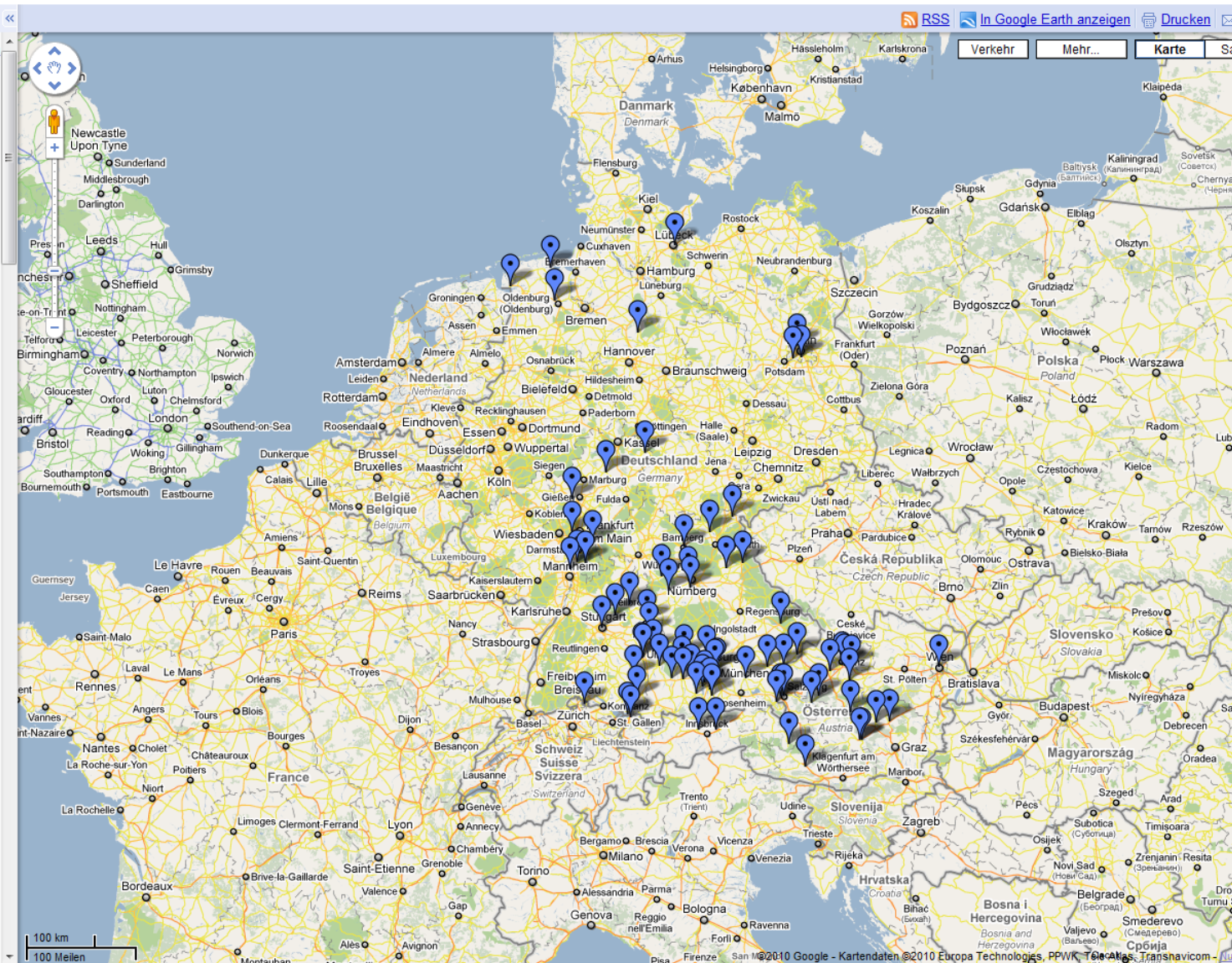
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Von [marzinka](#)

[Karte bewerten](#) - [Kommentar verfassen](#)

- [Berlin-Düppel-Center](#)
DP-Camp 14163 Berlin
- [Berlin Mariendorf](#)
DP-Camp Eisenacher Straße 39, 12109 Berlin
- [Berlin-Wittenau](#)
DP-Camp
- [Bergen-Belsen](#)
Größtes DP-Camp in der Nähe des ehemaligen KZs E
- [Zeilsheim](#)
DP-Camp, Frankfurt am Main
- [Ziegenhain](#)
DP-Camp Mehr Informationen unter: <http://www.geden>
- [Babenhausen](#)
DP-Camp
- [Bensheim-Auerbach](#)
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- [Lampertheim](#)
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DP-Camp
- [Deggendorf](#)
DP-Camp





DP-Camp Buchenwald (former concentration camp near Weimar)

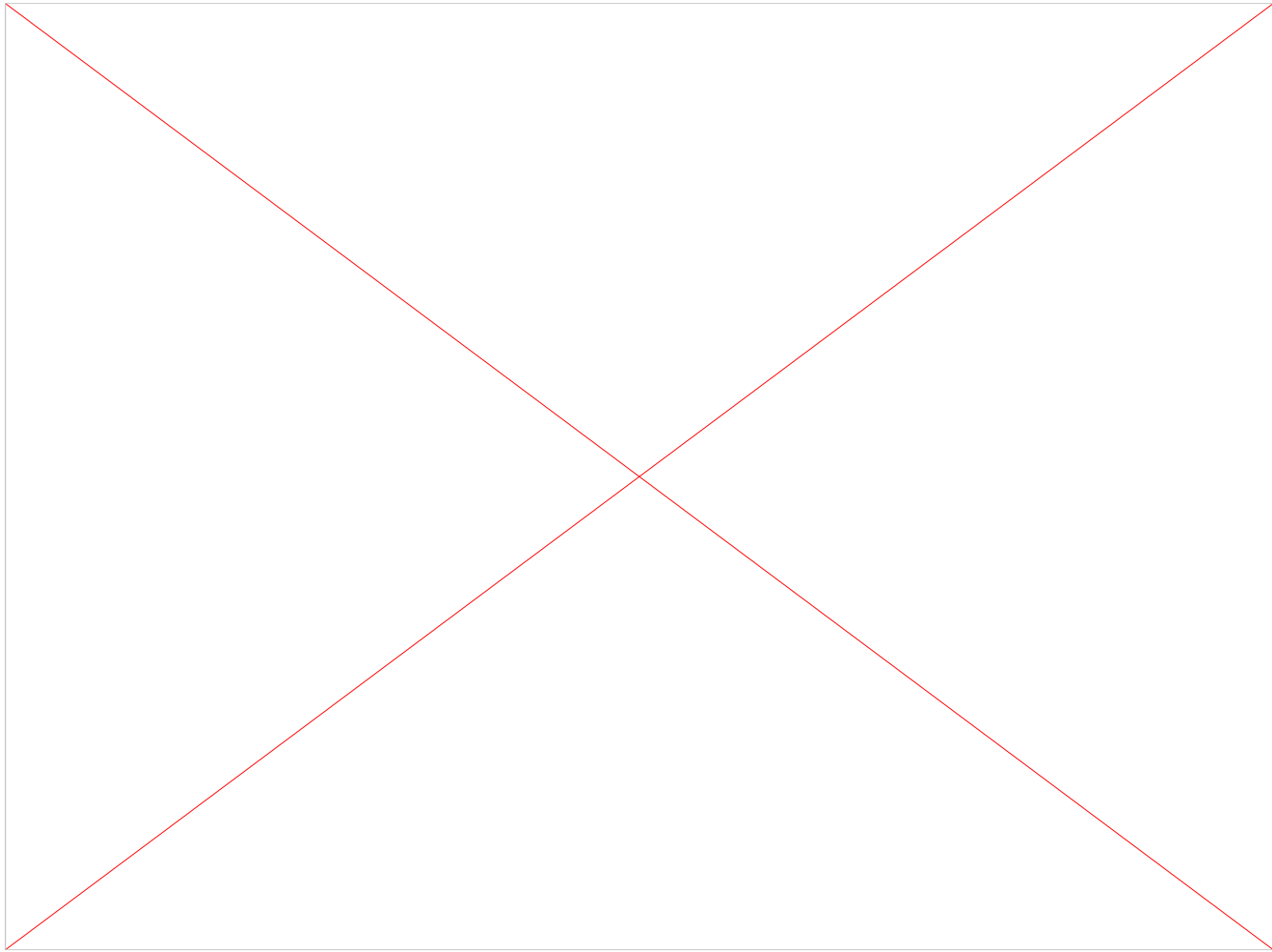
- Liberated by the American Army
- DP-Camp until the Soviets took over the region (Thuringia) in July 1945
- „Kibbuz Buchenwald“, first Zionist vocational training farm in post-war Germany. In June 1945 the ca. 80 Kibbuzniks moved to Geringshof near Fulda, where they organized a Hachschara until September 1948
- On May 4th, 1945, just before the war ended the first hand-written DP-newspaper T'chiat ha-Meytim (resurrection of the death) was published at Buchenwald.

Child Survivors of Buchenwald



Escorted by American soldiers, a large transport of children survivors of Buchenwald file out of the main gate of the camp, April 27, 1945. They are being taken to homes and medical centers in France. Eli Wiesel appears as the fourth child in the left column.

Photo credit: Courtesy of USHMM Photo Archives



Buchenwald DP-Camp 1945, children waiting for their departure to France (Foto Bundesarchiv Berlin)

Buchenwald Child Survivor



Joseph Schleifstein, a five-year-old survivor of Buchenwald, sits on a United Nations Refugee Relief Agency truck.

Photo credit: National Archives, courtesy of USHMM Photo Archives



The "Jewish Ex-Concentration Camp Orchestra" This program was produced for a special concert for the war crimes prosecutors and staff on May 7, 1946, in Nuremberg

Credit: USHMM Collection, Gift of David N. Granat
Photograph #29735

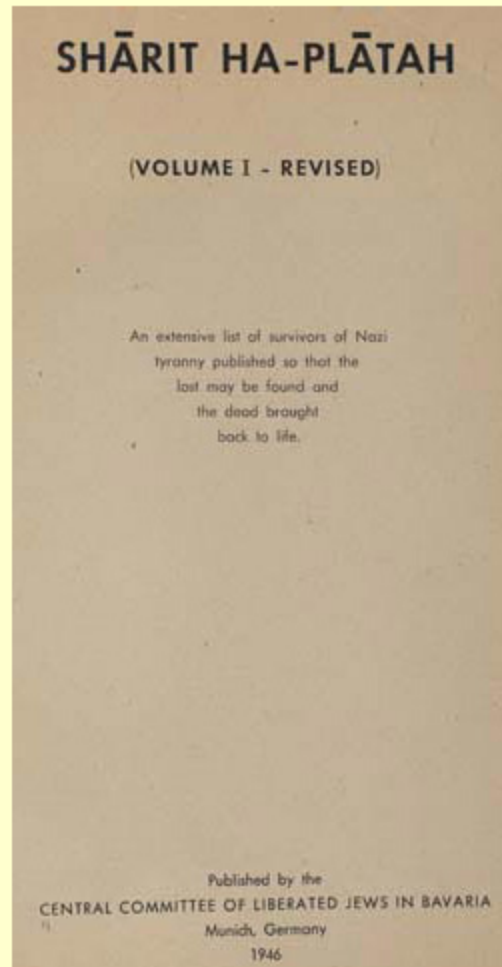


Michael Hofmekler, former head of the Kovno-Ghetto-Orchestra



Klausner-List –

Starting point of the
International Tracing
Service – ITS later
Bad Arolsen



*She'arit ha-Pley'tah: An Extensive List of
Survivors of Nazi Tyranny. . . .*
Munich: Central Committee of Liberated Jews in Bavaria, 1946.
Hebraic Section

The Kielce Pogrom

July 1946

The pogrom in Kielce was one of the factors that led to a mass westward migration of hundreds of thousands of Jews who had survived the Holocaust - the majority of the refugees moved to the American Zone in Germany and Austria (led by the rescue operation of Brichah)



Burriing of the victims of the Kielce Pogrom, summer1946, Foto USHMM



Mourners bearing wreaths and banners grieve at the funeral of the Kielce pogrom victims. [USHMM, Photograph #14392]

In Poland the discussion about the pogrom started with Jan Tomasz Gross' book „Fear“, published in 2006 (the 60th anniversary of the pogrom)



Tomb of the Kielce pogrom victims,
inaugurated in a renewed version in July
2010

Memorial in Kielce
adepted 2006



Demografic Dates – Jewish DPs

	Jan. 1946	June 1946	Aug. 1946	Oct. 1946	Nov. 1946	March 1947	March 1948
US-Zone	36.000			141.000	146.000	124.000	106.000
Belsen- Hohne	9000		11.139		11.139	10.867	8124
Brit. Zone		19.373			50.000		
French Zone	1200	1454			1202		

Lang ist der Weg/Long is the Way

Munich 1948, premier Berlin 1.9.1948.

In Yiddish, German, Polish language. Directed by Herbert B. Fredersdorf and Marek Goldstein – shot in the Bavaria film studios, produzer Eric Pommer



Israel Becker; Bettina Moissi (daughter of the famous German actor Alexander Moissi and wife of Heinz Berggruen; mother of Nicolas Berggruen-Investor und art collector)



Jewish DPs produced a multitude of publications ranging from newspapers to literature to memoirs of the Holocaust. A newspaper kiosk in Neu-Freimann.

Credit: USHMM Collection, Gift of Jack Sutin
Photograph #96437



LANDSBERGER

LAGER-CASTUNG

Arojgegebn fun Komitee fun gewezene jidisze politisze gefangene

Nomer 6 Donersztik 15 November 1945 1-er jorgang

EKSTRA-OJSGABE.

ENGLISZER FARAT

Di gerechte foderung fun jidiszn folk bagrobn in a komise!

JISZUW DERKLEERT AF HANT A SZTRA.IK UN TONES

brojl cum kam!!
Wider amel hot di britisze
egirung arojsgevin irn
imajlistiszn parcel.
Di finclere madinacjes un



estirt.
In cuzamenhang
minister Bewin
orgn a general-

ORT and the Displaced Person Camps

| DP STORIES | DP CAMPS | DOCUMENTS | PHOTOS

Explore MUNICH DISTRICT (V)



The administrative seat of the 5th district, and of the whole ORT school system in the US zone, was in Munich, the capital city of Bavaria and the third largest city in Germany. The majority of the schools were in the metropolitan area of Munich or in its environs. There were almost 3000 students studying 160 courses in 47 trades taught by 255 teachers. The flagship ORT school in the district was the school in the Landsberg DP camp which, by the end of 1947, had 300 students.

The district was however the site of many other important undertakings. 464 students, from both inside and outside the camps attended classes in ORT schools operating in Munich. Classes in agriculture were held in the Hochland kibbutz and carpentry and shoemaking in the Greifenberg kibbutz. The school in the fishing town of Diessen held summer courses in fishery. Cinema operators were trained in Traunstein, medical lab technicians in Weilheim and pastry-makers in Bad Reichenhall. The International Children's Centre in Prien and in Rosenheim ORT trained a large number of Holocaust orphans waiting for Aliyah. Of special importance were courses for DPs recovering from TB in sanatoriums in Gaunting and Bayerisch Gmain.

Webeseite von „World-ORT“: „ORT and the Displaced Persons Camps“ <http://dpcamps.ort.org/camps/germany/us-zone/us-zone-v/>



Poster für Ausbildungsprogramme von ORT
(Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)



Ausbildung Landsberg DP-Camp

Berlin and it's special history of Jewish Displaced Persons



Foto USHMM



ORT-Kurs in Berlin-Schlachtensee

HEBREW PUBLIC SCHOOL
"HERZEL"
UNHRA CAMP "DÜPPEL CENTER"
BERLIN SCHLACHTENSEE
CERTIFICATE

Pupil Leah Regina born October 11th 1925 city Staszewski country Poland
 attended the 2nd class from Sept. 1st 1946 to January 15th 1947
 and graded as follow.

Behavior	Excellent	Mathematics	Excellent
Bible	Excellent	Algebra	Excellent
Hebrew Language	Excellent	Geometry	Excellent
Hebrew Literature	Excellent	Physics	Excellent
English Language	Excellent	Botanics	Excellent
Hebrew History	Excellent	Drawing	Excellent
Palestine Geography	Excellent	Music	Excellent
Geography	Excellent	Physical Training	Excellent

Decision of pedagogical body
 Day January 18th 1947 Year 1947

Class Teacher R. D. [Signature] School Director

Berlin Düppel Center
 (Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)



Schüler in Berlin-Schlachtensee



DPs leaving Düppel-Center



Jewish DPs from Berlin arriving at
Frankfurter-Rhein-Main-Airport

Camp Life

Feldafing DP-Camp



Photographs USHMM

Neu Freimann Displaced Persons' Camp



Neu Freimann residents greet General Dwight Eisenhower as his car drives into the displaced persons' camp.

Photo credit: USHMM Photo Archives




DP camp chloister Indersdorf –children's camp/Kibbutz Dror – *(Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)*

Group portrait of Jewish police in the Landsberg displaced persons camp. [Photograph #29845]



Group portrait of Jewish police in the Landsberg displaced persons camp.

Landsberg Jewish Center residence card issued to Mina Aspler-Fridland. [Photograph #60807]

	LANDSBERG JEWISH CENTER
	Residence Card
	ASPLER-FRIDLAND, MINA
	<i>Aspler Fridland Mina</i>
	Block <i>Arnold</i> Room <i>101</i>
	<i>S. G. Simpson</i>
	<i>Adolph C. Flansburg</i>
	Reg. 21. 8. 45
	Date Issued 25. 4. 46
G 10045450	
No. 16	

Landsberg Jewish Center residence card issued to Mina Aspler-Fridland.



Women with baby carriages in the Landsberg DP camp,
Landsberg, Germany, 1947.

Credit: USHMM Collection, Gift of Dorit Mandelbaum
Photograph #96460



DP camp Landsberg/Lech, 1945
(Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)

Members of Hazamir Chorale perform in the play, *The Golem*, in the Landsberg displaced persons camp. [Photograph #63648]



Members of Hazamir Chorale perform in the play, *The Golem*, in the Landsberg displaced persons camp.

Date: 1947

Locale: Landsberg, [Bavaria] Germany

Credit: United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, courtesy of Nechama Shneerson



A notice advertising a concert of Yiddish music is posted on a wall in the Zeilsheim displaced persons' camp.

Credit: USHMM

Photograph #89596

Zeilsheim Newspaper Staff



The staff of the DP newspaper, *Unterwegs* (The Transient), at work in their office in the Zeilsheim displaced persons' camp.

Photo credit: Alice Lev Collection, courtesy of USHMM Photo Archives

Föhrenwald



Föhrenwald 1945
Foto HIAS, heute USHMM

Das Gebäude steht
bis heute, Bild Lisa
Sonnabend





Föhrenwald 1953
ORT-office at the supply
and transport branch of
the camp

Foto USHMM



DP-Lager Föhrenwald Mitte der 1950er Jahre (Stadtarchiv Geretsried)



DP-Lager Föhrenwald um 1955 (Stadtarchiv Geretsried)



Blick auf den Roosevelt-Platz, 1956.

1945 wurden die Straßen im Lager umbenannt. Der Adolf-Hitler-Platz hieß nun Roosevelt-Platz. Nach 1956 fand eine erneute Umbenennung statt. Jetzt hieß der Platz „Seminarplatz“.

Quelle: Stadtarchiv Wolfratshausen



Föhrenwald: The former church became the synagogue (ca.1955)



Children in Camp Foehrenwald – Florida Street



ORT-course watch maker at Föhrenwald
Foto USHMM



Jewish displaced persons learn dressmaking in the Foehrenwald Organization for Rehabilitation through Training (ORT) vocational school. Foehrenwald was the final displaced persons camp to close, functioning until 1957 as a home for Jews who had no place to go. Foehrenwald, Germany, 1953.

— United States Holocaust Memorial Museum

http://www.ushmm.org/wlc/en/media_ph.php?MediaId=5103



Kids celebrating channuka at Föhrenwald, Foto USHMM; <http://digitalassets.ushmm.org/photoarchives/detail.aspx?id=1068279>

Chaia Libstug is the daughter of Isaak Libstug and Fira (Esther) Sudvarg Libstug. She was born in Belz, Romania on July 31, 1934. The entire family survived the war living in Tansnistria and the Soviet Union. In 1945 they came to the Foehrenwald where Isaak worked as the camp's JDC director.



RECOGNIZE SOMEONE?

Class photograph of the Tarbut School in the Foehrenwald displaced persons camp.

Chaia Libstug is the daughter of Isaak Libstug and Fira (Esther) Sudvarg Libstug. She was born in Belz Romania on July 31, 1934. The entire family survived the war living in Transnistria and the Soviet Union. In 1945 they came to the Foehrenwald where Isaak worked as the camp's JDC director.

1946, Fotos
USHMM



1948; Foto
USHMM

RECOGNIZE SOMEONE?

Members of the Foehrenwald displaced persons camp fire department pose outside with a piece of equipment.

First issue 12. December 1945



Bilder zum Artikel Süddeutsche Zeitung, 4. April 2012 „Displaced-Persons-Lager Föhrenwald. Zwei verbogene Löffel und viele Erinnerungen“ von Lisa Sonnabend



Auf dem Kolpingplatz, dem Zentrum der Siedlung, steht das ehemalige Badehaus. Es soll abgerissen und durch Neubauten ersetzt werden. Der Arbeitskreis wehrt sich dagegen, sie würden in dem Gebäude gerne eine Dokumentationsstätte einrichten.

Bild: Hartmut Pöstges



BÜRGER FÜRS
BADEHAUS
WALDRAM-FÖHRENWALD

Bürger fürs BADEHAUS Waldram-Föhrenwald e.V.
Post: Kolpingplatz 8
82515 Wolfratshausen-Waldram
Tel.: 08171 - 2 57 25 02
Mail: info@badehauswaldram.de

Chronik: Das DP-Lager Föhrenwald



DAS DP-LAGER "FÖHRENWALD" – Ortstafel

Aus dem Vorwort zu den Kapiteln "Draußen waren die anderen" und "Der Geruch der Föhren" in:

Bandenkrieg und erste Liebe – Kindheit im Isar- und Loisachtal – Hsg. Historischer Verein Wolfratshausen 2007

Das DP-Lager "Föhrenwald" bei Wolfratshausen wurde im Frühjahr 1945 von den Amerikanern in den Arbeiterheimen der ehemaligen IG-Farben Munitionsfabrik eingerichtet. Dort waren bereits kurz zuvor die wenigen Überlebenden des Dachauer Todesmarsches untergebracht worden.

In Bayern existierten kurz nach Kriegsende fast 60 solcher Auffanglager für so genannte Displaced Persons. Als DPs bezeichneten die Alliierten Menschen, die infolge des Krieges aus ihren Heimatländern verschleppt, geflüchtet oder vertrieben worden waren. Deutsche Heimatvertriebene zählten nicht dazu.

Die DPs sollten auf die Auswanderung nach Palästina oder in andere Staaten wie USA, Kanada oder Südamerika vorbereitet werden. Die Mehrheit der anfänglich sechseinhalb bis sieben Millionen DPs in Deutschland verließ diese Lager noch bis September 1945. Eine Million Flüchtlinge und Zwangsarbeiter aus Osteuropa, aber auch rund 150.000 jüdische Überlebende

You Tube Der Film zu "Die Kinder vom Lager Föhrenwald" **auf YouTube!**

AKTUELLES

- Prominente Unterstützung

Wir über uns

- Flyer 2014

Aktivitäten 2014

- Flyer Ausstellung "Die Kinder vom Lager Föhrenwald"

Aktivitäten 2013

Aktivitäten 2012

- Zeitzeugen

- Film ab, Ton an!

Auf YouTube: Unsere Videos

Mitgliedschaft / Online spenden

- Satzung
- Beitrittserklärung
- Beitragsordnung
- Kontakt und Impressum

Pressestimmen

[Chronik: Das DP-Lager Föhrenwald](#)

EXTERNE LINKS

- Historischer Verein Wolfratshausen
- Siedlungsgemeinschaft Waldram
- Max Mannheimer Studienzentrum
- Stiftung "Erinnerung, Verantwortung und Zukunft"
- Bayerische Landeszentrale für politische Bildungsarbeit
- Stiftung Bayerische Gedenketätten



Gegenstände wie Schuhe, Flaschen oder
Nagelscheren machen das Leben im DP-Lager
Föhrenwald greifbar.

Bild: Heimatmuseum Wolfratshausen 1. April 2012

Bergen-Belsen Hohne Camp



Former quarters of the German army converted into displaced persons housing. Bergen-Belsen, Germany, May 1945.

Foto USHMM, online



Ehemalige
Wehrmachtskaserne Belsen:
Nothospital im Freien, 27. April
1945. Foto Sgt. Oakes. Imperial
War Museum, London,
Photograph Archive, BU 4844

Nothospital im Festsaal des ehemaligen
Offizierskasinos der Wehrmacht (heute:
„Roundhouse“ des Bergen-Hohne Camp), 1945.
The Josef Rosensaft Collection. Yad Vashem
Archive, Jerusalem

*Website: Gedenkstätte
Bergen-Belsen*



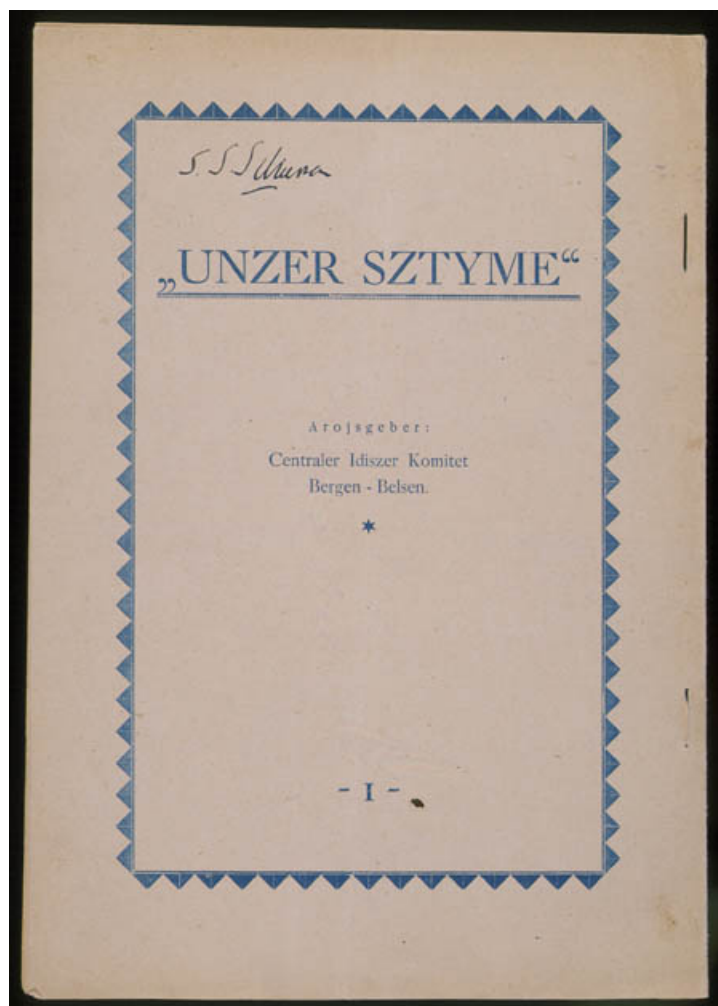


Mobile Synagoge der
britischen Hilfsorganisation
Jewish Relief Unit (JRU), die
für Gottesdienste in der
britischen Zone zur Verfügung
stand, undatiert. GBB (SnG)

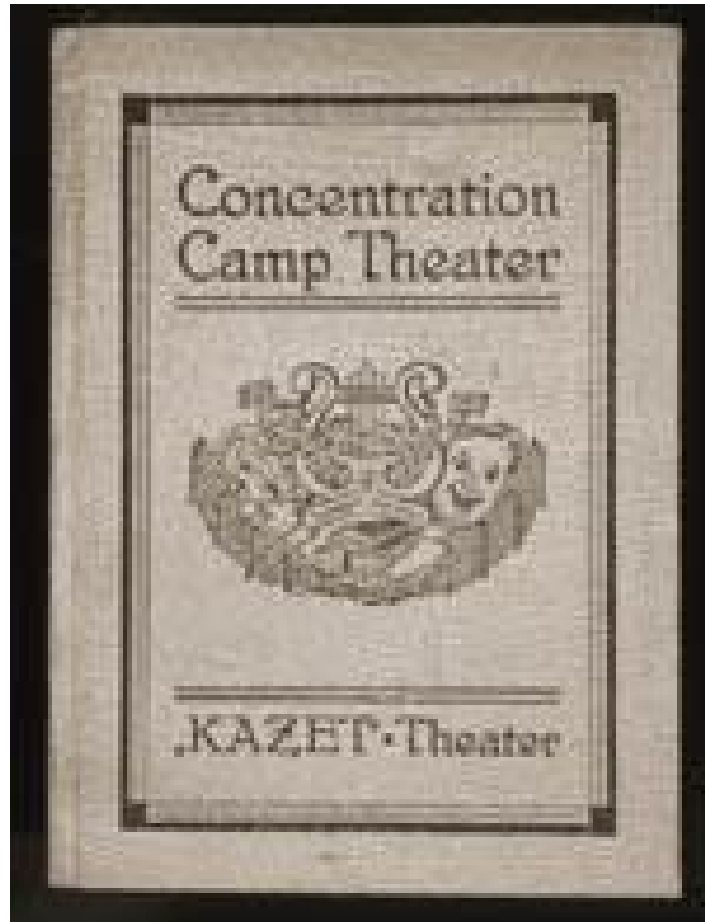
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DP hospital DP camp Bergen-Belsen (Belsen-Hohne)
(Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)



Newspaper DP camp Bergen-Belsen (Belsen-Hohne)
(Photo USHMM, Photo Archives)



Mitgliedskarte Norbert Wollheims für das „KAZET-Theater“ des DP-Camps Belsen, © United States Holocaust Memorial Museum (Wollheim-Nachlass), http://www.wollheim-memorial.de/de/einsatz_fuer_displaced_persons_in_der_britischen_zone

Religious Life

Allegedly The only surviving
chassidic rabbi - Rabbi Yehuda
Yehuskiel Halberstam

He initiated religious life first at
DP camp Feldafing und then at
Föhrenwald.

-Here with one of his sons

[<http://antiquebooksstore.com/antique-european-books/original-antique-photo-klausenberg-rabbi-son-judaica/>]





17. März 1946;
Foto USHMM

RECOGNIZE SOMEONE?

**Megillat Esther (Scroll of Esther) booklet printed in the
Foehrenwald displaced persons camp.**



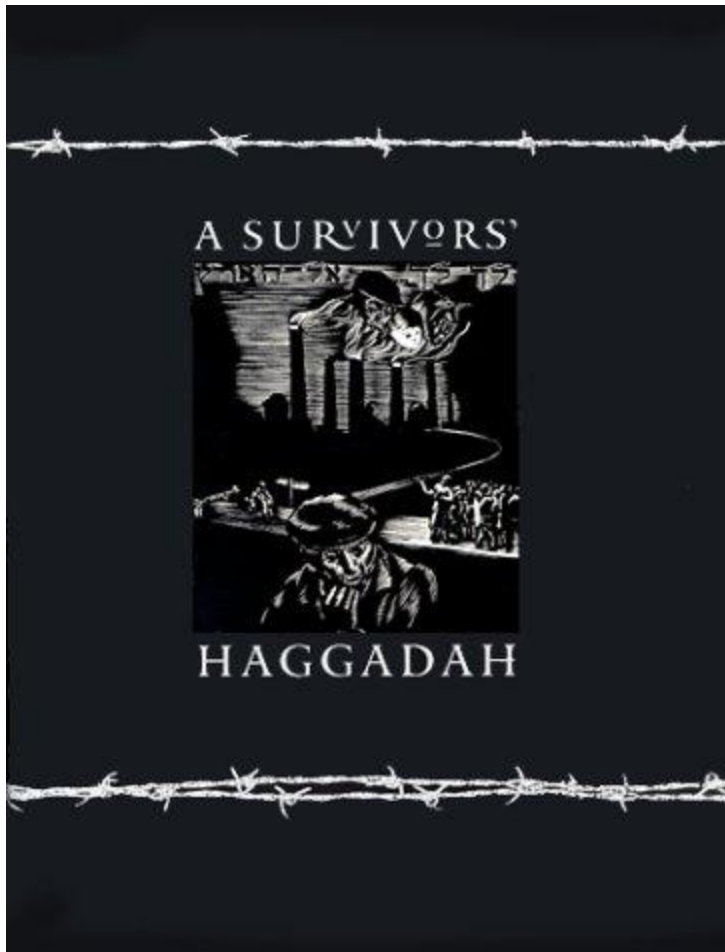
Students from a Yeshiva established by the Klausenberger Rebbe, Rabbi Yekutiel Yehuda Halberstam, Feldafing DP camp, 1946.

Yad Vashem Photo Archives 180A04

[« Previous](#) Image 2 of 2

CLOSE X

Fehler: Muss heißen: Föhrenwald DP-Camp



The Hebrew letter bet, designed by Yosef Dov Sheinson from the *A Survivors' Haggadah*.
(Courtesy of The Jewish Publication Society)

Sport

Soccer team Maccabi of the DP-Camp Föhrenwald, 1947.

There were about 80 Jewish soccer teams active in the Western zones of Germany, playing since 1947 in two leagues. Maccabi Föhrenwald belonged to the South-League (Yiddisch: Dorem-Lige) und gained after the first season the fourth place.

Quelle: United States Holocaust Memorial Museum, Washington

[<http://www.ausstellung-zwangsarbeit.org/index.php?id=293>]







Soccer teams of Landsberg and Föhrenwald DP-camps, 1949.

Quelle: USHMM, Washington



Beschreibung: Turnwettbewerb im Rahmen des Sportfests im Displaced Persons-Lager Föhrenwald bei Wolfratshausen, Fotografie: Mai 1946.

Signatur: bp-0421.4.3

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